

Unit test class 9th Sub. Social science. T M - 25

1. India is Secular Country because:

- a. There is no state religion.
- b. Every citizen has the right to adopt and practice any religion.
- c. No discrimination can be made among citizens on the basis of religion.
- d. All of the above.

2. The preamble to the constitution of India declares India to be a :

- a. Sovereign, Democratic, Republic
- b. Sovereign, Socialist, Democratic, Republic
- c. Sovereign, Socialist, Socialist, Democratic, Republic
- d. None of the above

3. The most common form that democracy takes in our time is that of :

- a. Limited Democracy
- b. Representative Democracy
- c. Maximum Democracy
- d. None of the above

4. Assertion (A): The Constitution of a country is a set of written rules that are accepted by all the people living in a Country.

Reason (R) : It generates a degree of trust and Co-ordination among people that is necessary for different kinds of people living together.

5. In which magazine Gandhi expressed his vision what he wanted the constitution to do ?

- a. Young India
- b. The Keshri
- c. The Discovery of India
- d. The Maitra

6. Which of the following statement is not true?

- a. The provision in the constitution cannot be changed easily.
- b. The constitution may be written or unwritten.
- c. Non- democratic countries do not have a constitution.
- d. Even a club, cooperative association in your area may have a constitution.

7. Who was sentenced life imprisonment in 1964 for opposing the apartheid regime in South Africa?

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Nelson Mandela
- c. Motilal Nehru
- d. Rajendra Prasad

8. Two students of class IX were discussing about sectors of economy and employment.

Student 1st asked a question that which sector is the most labour absorbing sector of Indian economy?

Help student 2nd to choose the correct option.

- (a) Manufacturing sector
- (b) IT sector
- (c) Agriculture sector
- (d) Service sector

9. A discussion was going on the definition of unemployment. It gave some cases.

Case 1. Ramesh (25 years old) is a graduate in economics and he is willing to take a job of primary teacher in a government school.

Case 2. Ramesh's mother (Rashmi-49 years old, a postgraduate woman) is a Case 3. Ramesh's younger sister Ramya (14 years old) study in class 10.

Who among the above can be counted as unemployed.

- (a) Ramesh and Ramya
- (b) Ramesh and Rashmi
- (c) They all three
- (d) Only Ramesh

10. After completion of the topic unemployment following statements are given.

Choose the correct pair from the options:

Statement 1- Unemployment leads to wastage of manpower resource.

Statement 2- People who are an asset for the economy turn into a liability.

Statement 3- There is a feeling of hopelessness and despair Statement 4- Though the economic overload remains the same in the country, the quality of life deteriorates.

- (a) all statements are correct.
- (b) 1, 2 & 3 are correct.
- (c) 1, 3 & 4 are correct.
- (d) 2, 3 & 4 are correct

11. Case based question. 4

Read the given passage and answer the following questions:

After two years of discussion and debate they came out with one of the finest constitutions the world has ever had. This constitution gave to its citizens the most extensive rights available in any country. Together they decided that in the search for a solution to the problems, nobody should be

excluded, no one should be treated as a demon. They agreed that everybody should be part of the solution, whatever they might have done or represented in the past. The preamble to the Indian constitution sums up this spirit.

a. Which is the supreme law of the country?

b. What is called the introductory statement in the constitution?

12. What is the difference between disguised unemployment and seasonal unemployment?

13. Why is educated unemployment a peculiar problem in India? 3

14. "The Indian constitution needs to be amended quite regularly". Justify this statement.

15. Indian Constitution is partly rigid and partly flexible. Justify?

2.